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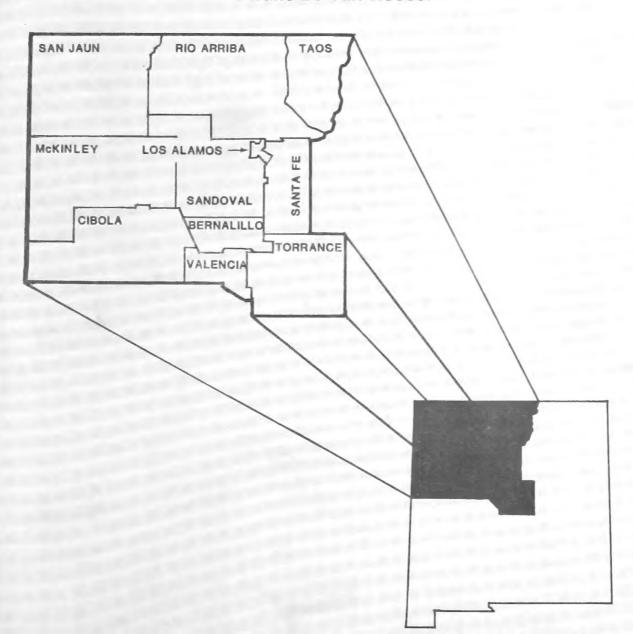
Intermountain Research Station

Resource Bulletin INT-46



Timberland and Woodland Resources Outside National Forests in Northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Dwane D. Van Hooser



PREFACE

The primary objective of Forest Survey—a continuing, nationwide undertaking of the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture—is to provide an assessment of the renewable resources for the forest lands of the Nation. Fundamental to the accomplishment of the objective are the periodic State-by-State resource inventories. Originally, Forest Survey was authorized by the McSweeney-McNary Act of 1928. The current authorization is through the Renewable Resources Research Act of 1978.

The Intermountain Research Station with headquarters in Ogden, UT, conducts the forest resource inventories for the Rocky Mountain States of Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, New Mexico, Nevada, western South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming, western Texas, and Oklahoma's Panhandle. These inventories provide information on the extent and condition of the forests—its volume of wood and stand dynamics as expressed by growth, removals, and mortality for State, privately owned, and most other forest lands not in the National Forest System. These data, when combined with similar information on National Forest lands, provide a basis for forming forest policies and programs and for the orderly development and use of the resources.

THE AUTHOR

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Intermountain Research Station gratefully acknowledges the cooperation of the New Mexico Natural Resource Department, Forestry Division, and the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management. We extend a special note of gratitude to Mr. Ray Gallegos, former New Mexico State Forester, and his staff; Mr. Jack Dossett, New Mexico State Office of the BLM; and the private land owners who provided information and access to field sample locations.

RESEARCH SUMMARY

The forest land base outside the National Forests in northwestern New Mexico totals more than 4 million acres. Three-quarters of these forests are owned by private individuals or companies. Acres supporting stands of timber species total 917,000, while the woodland resources typified by stands of pinyon-juniper account for more than 3 million acres. These areas contain wood volumes of 936 million cubic feet and 1.5 billion cubic feet, respectively. This report presents additional information on the land base, timberland and woodland area, and associated inventory volume, growth, and mortality.

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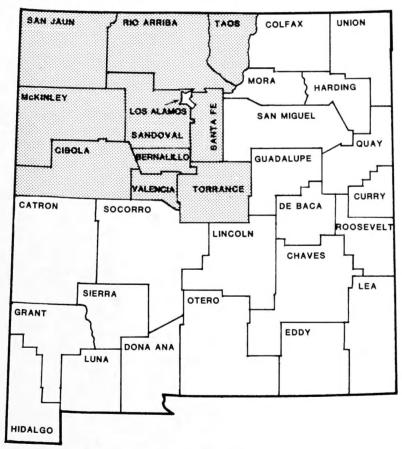
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Timberland and Woodland Resources Outside National Forests in Northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Dwane D. Van Hooser

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the principal findings of the most recent Forest Survey of the timberland and woodland resources outside the National Forests in northwestern New Mexico. Phase I of the survey began in 1985 with the collection and reconciliation of area information and aerial photo interpretation. The field phase began in early June 1986 and was completed in mid-November of the same year.



Northwestern New Mexico counties.

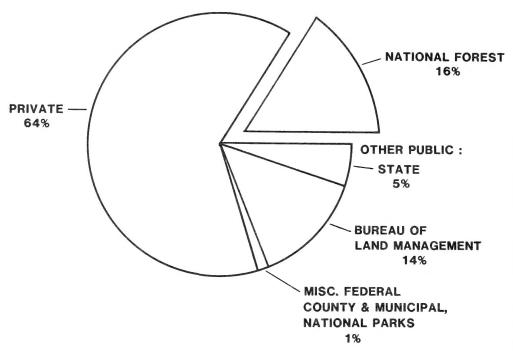
The resource statistics in this report include estimates for those lands in private ownership and those public lands administered by the USDI Bureau of Land Management, other Federal agencies, the State of New Mexico, and county and municipal governments. Reserved areas, such as those lands administered by the USDI National Park Service, are not field sampled but are included in the total area summaries (table 1). Resource estimates for those lands administered by the USDA Forest Service in the National Forest System are not included in this report but will be combined with the estimates presented here and in other sample area reports to form the basis for a comprehensive statewide analysis of New Mexico's forest resource situation.

HIGHLIGHTS

Area

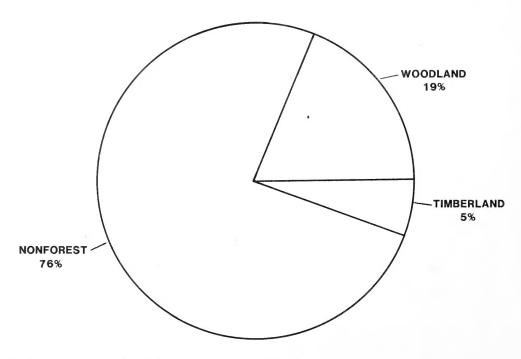
The total land area of northwestern New Mexico is 20.2 million acres. Some 7.3 million of it is publicly owned.

Those lands outside the National Forests, about which this report is concerned, amount to 17 million acres. Of these, the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) administers nearly 3 million acres, the State of New Mexico controls over 1.1 million acres, and the remaining area—nearly 13 million acres—is in private ownership.



Distribution of land in northwestern New Mexico by ownership.

Of the 17 million acres of land outside the National Forests about 4.1 million are forested. Slightly more than a fifth is timberland, and 77 percent is classified as woodland.

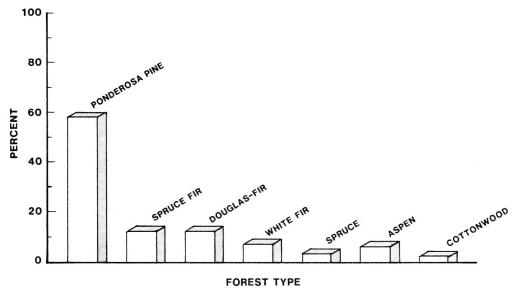


Distribution of land outside National Forests by type of land.

Timberland

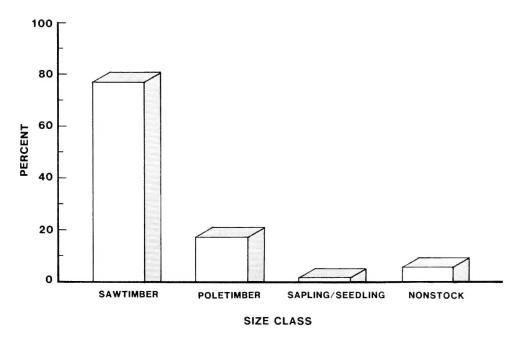
Area—Of the 917,800 acres of timberland a substantial portion is in private holdings. Only 5 percent is administered by public agencies.

Well over half the timberland acres support stands in which ponderosa pine (*Pinus ponderosa*) predominates. Another 25 percent of the area is about evenly divided between the spruce-fir and Douglas-fir types. The remaining area supports stands of white fir, spruce, aspen, or cottonwood.



Distribution of timberland outside National Forests by forest type.

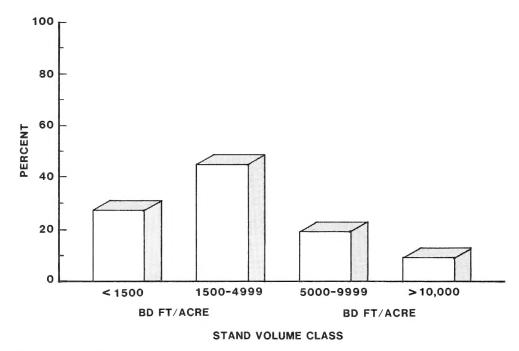
Over three-fourths of the timberland is in sawtimber-size stands. An additional 17 percent supports stands of poletimber. Some 41,000 acres are classed as nonstocked.



Distribution of timberland outside National Forests by stand size class.

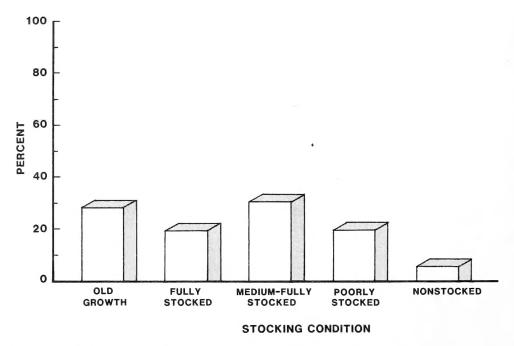
All of the timberland is capable of producing at least 20 cubic feet per acre per year, but only 2 percent has the inherent capability to produce more than 85 cubic feet per acre per year.

Nearly three-quarters of the timberland acres support less than 5,000 board feet per acre, while some 83,000 acres, all in private ownership, contain more than 10,000 board feet per acre.



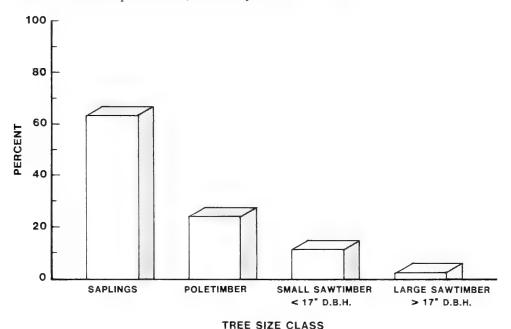
Distribution of timberland outside National Forests by stand volume class.

Nearly half of the timberland acres are medium to fully stocked with acceptable and desirable growing-stock trees. Over a quarter million acres are in stands classified as old-growth, and 19 percent are poorly stocked.



Distribution of timberland outside National Forests by stocking condition.

There are an estimated 276 million growing-stock trees. Nearly two-thirds are saplings, and only 2 percent are classed as large sawtimber. Most of the trees that are dead but considered salvable for wood products are on private land. Similarly, most of the trees that were culled are on private land, and nearly two-thirds are rotten.



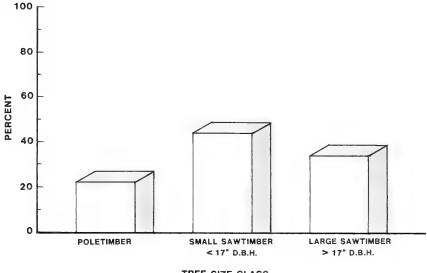
Distribution of growing—stock trees on timberland outside National Forests by tree size class.

Volume—Growing-stock volume amounts to 936 million cubic feet and includes 3.6 billion board feet of sawtimber. Rough, rotten, and salvable dead trees account for an additional 83 million cubic feet of volume.

Of the growing-stock volume, 80 percent is contained in sawtimber-size stands. Less than 1 percent of total growing stock is in sapling/seedling or nonstocked stands.

The bulk of the growing-stock and sawtimber volume is in private ownership.

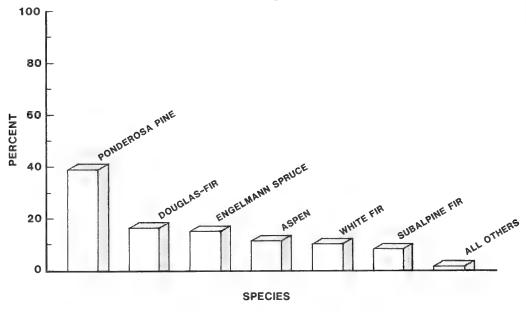
Two-thirds of the growing-stock volume is in trees less than 17 inches diameter at breast height (d.b.h.). About 50 percent of the sawtimber volume is in trees less than 17 inches d.b.h.



TREE SIZE CLASS

Distribution of growing—stock volume on timberland outside National Forests by tree size class.

Ponderosa pine and Douglas-fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii) together account for more than half of the total growing-stock volume and 62 percent of the sawtimber volume. White fir (Abies concolor) and Engelmann spruce (Picea engelmannii) account for an additional 25 percent of the growing-stock volume, and aspen (Populus tremuloides) contributes 11 percent. Most of this volume is in private ownership.

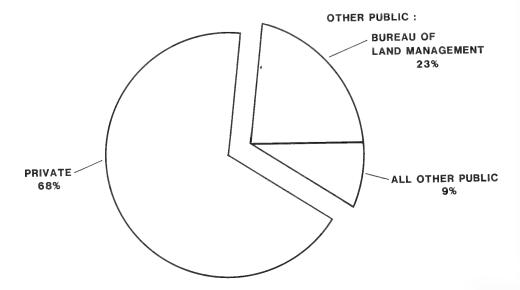


Distribution of growing—stock volume on timberland outside National Forests by species.

Components of Change—On an average annual basis, gross growth of growing stock is increasing the standing inventory by about 23 million cubic feet or 2.5 percent. When mortality is deducted, however, the annual rate of change in the absence of harvest is 22 million cubic feet.

Mortality of growing stock is low, amounting to a tenth of 1 percent of inventory. The specific cause of death for most trees was unknown. Disease, however, was the major agent where a cause of death could be determined.

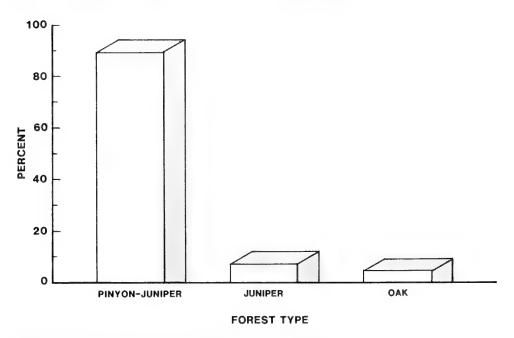
Area—More than three-quarters of the forested area is in the woodland types. Over twothirds is privately owned. The BLM administers almost a fourth of the woodland area.



Distribution of woodland outside National Forests by ownership.

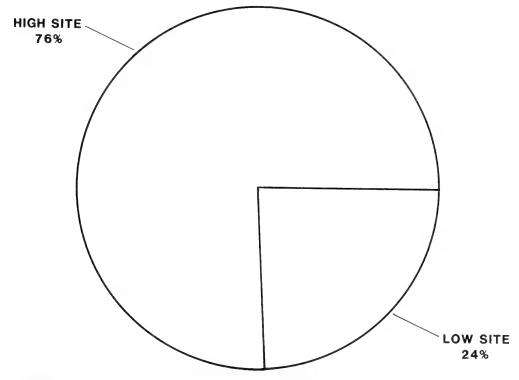
Woodland

The woodland area is composed of three forest types, but the pinyon-juniper complex (P-J) is by far the most extensive. Although stands of pure juniper, either Rocky Mountain (Juniperus scopulorum), Utah (J. osteosperma), or oneseed (J. monosperma), exist they are rather insignificant in relation to P-J, as is the Gambel oak type.



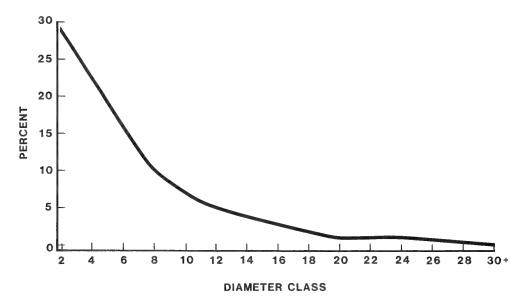
Distribution of woodland outside National Forests by forest type.

Slightly more than three-fourths of the woodland acres are capable of producing crops of wood such as fuelwood and fenceposts on a more or less sustained basis. The 743,000 acres classed as low site usually occupy the more harsh sites where vigorous growth and successful natural regeneration are difficult if not impossible to attain.



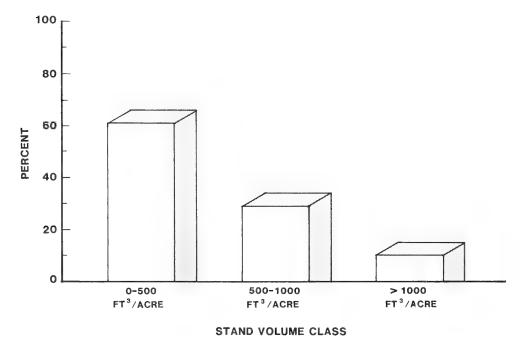
Distribution of woodland outside National Forests by productivity class.

Nearly half of the 703 million trees tallied on woodland were pinyon (*Pinus edulis*) and almost 30 percent were sapling size, that is, less than 3 inches diameter at root collar (d.r.c.).



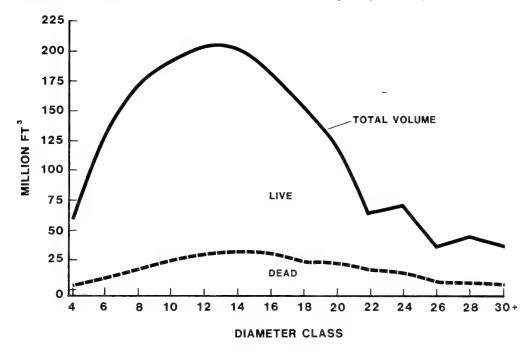
Distribution of trees on woodland outside National Forests by diameter root collar (d.r.c.) class.

Volume—Three-fifths of the woodland acres contain less than 500 cubic feet per acre, and just over 10 percent support 1,000 cubic feet or more. The average volume per acre is just over 450 cubic feet.



Distribution of woodland outside National Forests by stand volume class.

Volume on woodland acres amounted to 1.4 billion cubic feet, most of which is in P-J or oak (*Quercus gambelii*). A small amount, some 3 percent, is in the timber species of Douglas-fir, ponderosa pine, white fir, and cottonwood (*Populus fremontii*).



Distribution of cubic foot volume on woodland outside National Forests by d.r.c. class.

Because merchantability standards are nonexistent for woodland species, all of this material is potentially usable for fiber products such as fuelwood and fenceposts. An additional 254 million cubic feet of dead material was also tallied, most of which is contained in live trees.

Slightly more than 10 percent of all the pinyon tallied qualified as potential Christmas trees. Of these, some 2.9 million or 7 percent are classed as premium grade, 33 percent are standard, and the rest are utility grade. The bulk of these trees are in the 6- to 10-foot class, which is the most desirable for household use.

Of the juniper and oak trees tallied, 18 percent met minimum criteria for fenceposts. Slightly more than two-thirds of the qualifying segments were classed as line posts with the remainder meeting the criteria for the more valuable corner post. More than three-quarters of the fenceposts were juniper.

Components of Change—The woodland inventory is increasing at an annual rate of 1.5 percent. In total, 21 million cubic feet of wood was added to the standing volume in 1986. Consumption of products from woodlands will reduce this increment somewhat.

Overall, net annual growth per acre for woodland amounts to about 7 cubic feet. By type, the most productive is the oak averaging just over 20 cubic feet per acre in annual increment.

HOW THE INVENTORY WAS CONDUCTED

The inventory was designed to provide reliable statistics primarily at the State and sample area levels.

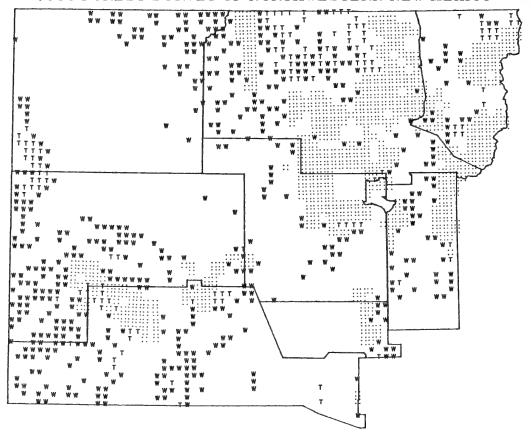
Initial area estimates were based on the classification of 69,032 sample points systematically placed on the latest aerial photographs available. The sample points were summarized and grouped into strata for subsequent field sampling. The photo points, adjusted to meet known land areas, were used to compute area expansion factors for the sampling strata means.

Prefield

Field

Land classification and estimates for timberland and woodland characteristics and volume were based on observations and measurements recorded at 2,657 field sample locations, of which 632 were forested.

1986 FOREST SURVEY OF NORTHWESTERN NEW MEXICO



T = TIMBERLAND W = WOODLAND :: = NATIONAL FOREST

Distribution of timberland and woodland field locations outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico.

Sample trees for timberland were selected using a 5-point cluster. Trees less than 5 inches d.b.h. were measured on a 1/300-acre fixed radius plot. Trees 5 inches d.b.h. or larger were selected using a variable radius plot. A 20 basal area factor was used for ponderosa pine locations. Other timberland locations were measured using a 40 basal area factor. Sample trees for woodland were selected using a 1/10-acre or a 1/5-acre fixed radius plot for trees 3 inches d.r.c. and larger. Trees less than 3 inches d.r.c. were tallied on 1/300-acre subplots.

All photo and field data were loaded onto tape and stored for computer editing, computation, and tabulation. Final estimates from these data were based on statistical summaries, a portion of which is included in this bulletin. Volume and defect were computed using equations developed by Edminster and others (1980, 1981), Kemp (1958), Chojnacky (1985), Meyers (1964), and Meyers and others (1972).

DATA RELIABILITY

Individual cells within tables should be used with caution. Some are based on very small sample sizes, which may result in high sampling errors. The standard error percentages shown in tables 2 and 3 were calculated at the 67 percent confidence level.

Compilation

TERMINOLOGY

Acceptable tree—Growing-stock tree meeting specified standards of size and quality, but not qualifying as a desirable tree.

Area condition class—A classification of timberland reflecting the degree to which the site is being utilized by growing-stock trees and other conditions affecting current and prospective timber growth (see Stocking):

Class 10-Areas fully stocked with desirable trees and not overstocked.

Class 20-Areas fully stocked with desirable trees, but overstocked with all live trees.

Class 30—Areas medium to fully stocked with desirable trees and with less than 30 percent of the area controlled by other trees and/or inhibiting vegetation or surface conditions that will prevent occupancy by desirable trees.

Class 40—Areas medium to fully stocked with desirable trees and with 30 percent or more of the area controlled by other trees, or conditions that ordinarily prevent occupancy by desirable trees, or both.

Class 50—Areas poorly stocked with desirable trees, but fully stocked with growing-stock trees.

Class 60—Areas poorly stocked with desirable trees, but with medium to full stocking of growing-stock trees.

Class 70—Areas nonstocked or poorly stocked with desirable trees, and poorly stocked with growing-stock trees.

Class 80—Low-risk old-growth stands.

Class 90-High-risk old-growth stands.

Nonstocked—Areas less than 10 percent stocked with growing-stock trees.

Basal area—The cross-sectional area of a tree expressed in square feet. For timber species the calculation is based on diameter at breast height (d.b.h.); for woodland species it is based on diameter at root collar (d.r.c.).

Christmas tree grade—Pinyon species are classified as Christmas trees using the following guidelines:

Premium-Excellent conical form with no gaps in branches and a straight bole.

Standard—Good conical form with small gaps in branches and bole slightly malformed. Utility—Conical in form with branches missing and bole bent or malformed.

Cull—Not meeting one of the above classifications.

Cord—A pile of stacked wood equivalent to 128 cubic feet of wood and air space having standard dimensions of 4 by 4 by 8 feet.

Cull tree—Live tree that is unmerchantable now or prospectively (see Rough tree and Rotten tree).

Cull volume—Portions of a tree's volume that are not usable for wood products because of rot, form, missing material, or other cubic-foot defect. Form and sound defects include severe sweep and crook, forks, extreme form reduction, large deformities, and dead material.

Deferred forest land—Forest lands within the National Forest System that are under study for possible inclusion in the Wilderness System.

Desirable tree—Growing-stock tree (1) having no serious defect in quality to limit present or prospective use for timber products, (2) of relatively high vigor, and (3) containing no pathogens that may result in death or serious deterioration within the next decade.

Diameter at breast height (d.b.h.)—Diameter of the stem measured at 4.5 feet above the ground.

Diameter at root collar(d.r.c.)—Diameter equivalent at the point nearest the ground line that represents the basal area of the tree stem or stems.

Diameter classes—Tree diameters, either d.b.h. or d.r.c., grouped into 2-inch classes labeled by the midpoint of the class.

Farmer/rancher-owned land—Land owned by a person who operates a farm or a ranch and who either does the work or directly supervises the work.

Forest industry land—Land owned by companies or individuals operating a primary wood-processing plant.

Forest land—Land at least 10 percent stocked by forest trees of any size, including land that formerly had such tree cover and that will be naturally or artificially regenerated. The minimum area for classification of forest land is 1 acre. Roadside, streamside, and shelterbelt strips of timber must have a crown width at least 120 feet wide to qualify as forest land. Unimproved roads and trails, streams, and clearings in forest areas are classified as forest if less than 120 feet wide.

Forest tree—Woody plant having a well-developed stem or stems, usually more than 12 feet in height at maturity, with a generally well-defined crown.

Forest type—A classification of forest land based upon and named for the tree species presently forming a plurality of live-tree stocking.

Gross annual growth—The average annual increase in the net volume of trees during a specified period.

Growing-stock tree—Live sawtimber tree, poletimber tree, sapling, or seedlings of timber species meeting specified standards of quality and vigor; excludes cull trees.

Growing-stock volume—Net cubic-foot volume in live poletimber-size and sawtimber-size growing-stock trees from a 1-foot stump to a minimum 4-inch top (of central stem) outside bark or to the point where the central stem breaks into limbs.

Growth-See definition for Net annual growth.

Hardwood tree—Dicotyledonous tree, usually broad-leaved and deciduous.

High-risk old-growth stand—Timber stand over 100 years old in which the majority of the trees are not expected to survive more than 10 years.

Indian land-Indian land held in trust by the Federal Government.

Industrial wood-All commercial roundwood products except fuelwood.

Land area—The area of dry land and land temporarily or partially covered by water such as marshes, swamps, and river flood plains, streams, sloughs, estuaries, and canals less than 120 feet wide; and lakes, reservoirs, and ponds less than 1 acre in size.

Logging residue—The unused portion of growing-stock trees cut or killed by logging.

Low-risk old-growth stand—Timber stand over 100 years old in which the majority of the trees are expected to survive more than 10 years.

Miscellaneous Federal land—Land administered by Federal agencies other than the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service or U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management.

Mortality—The net volume of growing-stock trees that have died from natural causes during a specified period.

National Forest land—Public land administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service.

National Resource land—Public land administered by the U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management.

Net annual growth—Gross annual growth minus average annual mortality.

Net dead volume—Total net volume of dead trees plus the net volume of dead material in live trees.

Net volume in board feet—The gross board-foot volume in the sawlog portion of growingstock trees, less deductions for cull volume.

Net volume in cubic feet—Gross cubic-foot volume in the merchantable portion of trees less deductions for cull volume. For timber species, volume is computed for the merchantable stem from a 1-foot stump to a minimum 4-inch top diameter outside bark (d.o.b.), or to the point where the central stem breaks into limbs. For woodland species, volume is computed outside bark (o.b.) for all woody material above d.r.c. that is larger than 1.5 inches d.o.b.

Nonforest land—Land that does not currently qualify as forest land.

Nonindustrial private—All private ownerships except forest industry.

Nonstocked area—Forest land less than 10 percent stocked with live trees.

Old-growth stand—Stand of timber species over 100 years old.

Other private land-Privately owned land other than forest industry or farmer-owned.

- Other public land—Public land administered by agencies other than the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service.
- Other removal—The net volume of growing-stock trees removed from the inventory by cultural operations such as timber-stand improvement, by land clearing, and by changes in land use, such as a shift to wilderness.
- Poletimber stand—Stand at least 10 percent stocked with growing-stock trees, in which half or more of the stocking is sawtimber or poletimber trees or both, with poletimber stocking exceeding that of sawtimber (see definition for Stocking).
- Poletimber tree—Live tree of timber species at least 5 inches d.b.h. but smaller than saw-timber size
- Post—Juniper and oak species are evaluated for post potential using the following criteria: Line post—A 7-foot minimum length with 5 to 7 inches diameter at the butt, 2.5-inch minimum small end diameter, and reasonably straight and solid. Corner post—An 8-foot minimum length with 7 to 9 inches diameter at the butt, 2.5-inch
- Potential growth—The average net annual cubic-foot growth per acre at culmination of mean annual growth attainable in fully stocked natural stands.

minimum small end diameter, and reasonably straight and solid.

- Primary wood-processing plant—Plant using roundwood products such as sawlogs, pulpwood bolts, veneer logs, and so forth.
- Productivity class—A classification of forest land that reflects biological potential. For timberland the potential net annual growth at culmination of mean annual increment in fully stocked natural stands is the index used. For woodland, characteristics that affect the land's ability to produce wood, such as soil depth and aspect, are used. Furthermore, woodland is classified as high site where sustained wood production is likely, or low site where the continuous production of wood is unlikely.
- Removal—The net volume of growing-stock trees removed from the inventory by harvesting, cultural operations, land clearings, or changes in land use.
- Reserved forest land—Forest land withdrawn from tree utilization through statute or administrative designation.

Residue:

- Coarse residue—Plant residue suitable for chipping, such as slabs, edgings, and ends. Fine residue—Plant residue not suitable for chipping, such as sawdust, shavings, and veneer clippings.
- Plant residue—Wood material from primary manufacturing plants that is not used for any product.
- Rotten tree—A live poletimber or sawtimber tree with more than 67 percent of its total volume cull (cubic-foot), and with more than half of the cull volume attributable to rotten or missing material.
- Rough tree—A live poletimber or sawtimber tree with more than 67 percent of its total volume cull (cubic-foot), and with less than half of the cull volume attributable to rotten or missing material.
- Roundwood—Logs, bolts, or other round sections cut from trees.
- Salvable dead tree—Standing or down dead tree that is currently merchantable by regional standards.
- Sapling—Live tree of timber species 1 to 4.9 inches d.b.h., or woodland species 1 to 2.9 inches d.r.c.
- Sapling and seedling stand—Timberland stand at least 10 percent stocked on which more than half of the stocking is saplings or seedlings or both.
- Sawlog portion—That part of the bole of sawtimber trees between a 1-foot stump and the sawlog top.
- Sawlog top—The point on the bole of sawtimber trees above which a sawlog cannot be produced. The minimum sawlog top is 7 inches d.o.b. for softwoods and 9 inches d.o.b. for hardwoods.
- Sawtimber stand—Stand at least 10 percent stocked with growing-stock trees, with half or more of total stocking in sawtimber or poletimber trees, and with sawtimber stocking at least equal to poletimber stocking.

- Sawtimber tree—Live tree of timber species meeting regional size and defect specifications. Softwood trees must be at least 9 inches d.b.h. and hardwood trees 11 inches d.b.h.
- Sawtimber volume—Net volume in board feet of the sawlog portion of live sawtimber trees.
- Seedling—Established live tree of timber species less than 1 inch d.b.h. or woodland species less than 1 inch d.r.c.
- Softwood tree—Monocotyledonous tree, usually evergreen, having needle or scalelike leaves.
- Standard error—An expression of the degree of confidence that can be placed on an estimated total or average obtained by statistical sampling methods. Standard errors do not include technique errors that could occur in photo classification of areas, field measurements, or compilation of data.
- Stand-size class—A classification of forest land based on the predominant size of trees present (see Sawtimber stand, Poletimber stand, and Sapling and seedling stand).
- State, county, and municipal land—Land administered by States, counties, or local public agencies, or lands leased by these governmental units for more than 50 years.
- Stocking—An expression of the extent to which growing space is effectively utilized by present or potential growing-stock trees of timber species.
- Timberland-Forest land where timber species make up at least 10 percent stocking.
- Timber species—Tree species traditionally used for industrial wood products. In the Rocky Mountain States, these include aspen and cottonwood hardwood species and all softwood species except pinyon and juniper.
- Timber stand improvement—Treatments such as thinning, pruning, release cutting, girdling, weeding, or poisoning of unwanted trees aimed at improving growing conditions for the remaining trees.
- Upper-stem portion—That part of the main stem or fork of sawtimber trees above the sawlog top to a minimum top diameter of 4 inches outside bark or to the point where the main stem or fork breaks into limbs.
- Water—Streams, sloughs, estuaries, and canals more than 120 feet wide, and lakes, reservoirs, and ponds more than 1 acre in size at mean high water level.
- Wilderness—An area of undeveloped land currently included in the Wilderness System, managed so as to preserve its natural conditions and retain its primeval character and influence.
- Woodland—Forest land where timber species make up less than 10 percent stocking.
- Woodland species—Tree species not usually converted into industrial wood products. Common uses are fuelwood, fenceposts, and Christmas trees.

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FOREST SURVEY TABLES

Table 1--Total land and water area by ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership class	Area
	Acres
Land:	
Public: National Forest	3,199,399
Other public: Bureau of Land Management National Parks ¹ Miscellaneous Federal State County and municipal	2,914,086 57,052 82,966 1,093,281 5,671
Total other public	4,153,056
Total public	7,352,455
Private: Indian Other private Total private	7,381,580 5,463,727 12,845,307
Total land area	20,197,762
Census water	30,153
Total land and water ²	20,227,915

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Not}$ included with miscellaneous Federal, a component of other public, for purpose of clarity. These lands are reserved and are not included in the remainder of this report.

 $^{^{2}\}mbox{U.S.}$ Bureau of the Census, land and water area of the United States, 1980.

Table 2--Area of forest land outside National Forests with percent standard error in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Softwoods		Hardwoods		All types	
Item	Acres	Percent standard error	Acres	Percent standard error	Acres	Percent standard error
Timberland	846,159	±6.2	71,638	±33.9	917,797	±5.4
Woodland	3,036,490	±3.0	116,207	±24.0	3,152,697	±3.0
Reserved forest land: ¹ Timberland Woodland	119,969 56,204		5,904 499		125,873 56,703	**** ********************************
Total forest land ²	4,058,822		194,248		4,253,070	

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Reserved}$ lands areas are estimated from aerial photos without field verification; therefore, standard errors are not calculated.

Table 3--Net volume, net annual growth, and annual mortality of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland outside National Forests with percent standard error in northwestern New Mexico

	Softwo	Softwoods		Hardwoods		ecies
Item	Volume	Percent standard error	Volume	Percent standard error	Volume	Percent standard error
Net volume, 1987:						
Growing stock (M cubic feet)	827,498	±10.8	108,696	±24.7	936,194	±10.3
Sawtimber ¹ (M board feet)	3,390,286	±10.9	254,043	±48.1	3,644,329	±10.0
Sawtimber ² (M board feet)	2,834,586	±10.8	208,319	±48.3	3,042,905	±10.9
Net annual growth, 1986:						
Growing stock (M cubic feet)	19,208	±11.5	4,279	±33.4	23,487	±11.4
Sawtimber ¹ (M board feet)	97,143	±14.9	3,896	±42.2	101,039	±14.4
Sawtimber ² (M board feet)	81,046	±14.7	3,428	±42.2	84,474	±14.2
Annual mortality, 1986:						
Growing stock (M cubic feet)	1,277	±42.5			1,277	±42.5
Sawtimber ¹ (M board feet)	4,367	±54.3			4,367	±54.3
Sawtimber ² (M board feet)	3,505	±54.9			3,505	±54.9

¹International ¼-inch rule.

²⁰n this and all following tables, totals may vary due to rounding.

²Scribner rule.

Table 4--Total land area outside National Forests by major land class and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Owners	Ownership class				
Land class	Other public	Private	Total			
		Acres				
Timberland: Reserved Nonreserved	52,651 44,664	73,222 873,133	125,873 917,797			
Total	97,315	946,355	1,043,670			
Woodland: Reserved Nonreserved	52,574 1,000,488	4 ,129 2,152,209	56,703 3,152,697			
Total	1,053,062	2,156,338	3,209,400			
Total forest land: Reserved Nonreserved	105,225 1,045,152	77,351 3,025,342	182,576 4,070,494			
Tota!	1,150,377	3,102,693	4,253,070			
Nonforest land	3,002,679	9,742,614	12,745,293			
Total land area	4,153,056	12,845,307	16,998,363			

Timberland Tables

Table 5--Area of timberland outside National Forests by forest type, stand-size class, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Forest type and		Productiv	ity class		Total	
stand-size class	85-119	50-84	20-49	0-19	acres	
			- Acres			
Douglas-fir:						
Sawtimber		32,797	52,271		85,068	
Poletimber Sapling and seedling		19,191			19,191	
Nonstocked			5,262		5,262	
Total		51,988	57,533		109,521	
Ponderosa pine:						
Sawtimber		39,779	422,586		462,365	
Poletimber			51,383		51,383	
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked			12,359 11,252		12,359 11,252	
None cocked						
Total		39,779	497,580		537,359	
Spruce-subalpine fir:						
Sawtimber		34,765	28,787		63,552	
Poletimber		19,191	21,552		40,743	
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked		9,596			9,596	
Total		63,552	50,339		113,891	
White fir: Sawtimber		41,398	14,857		56,255	
Poletimber						
Sapling and seedling		 5 755			5,755	
Nonstocked		5,755				
Total		47,153	14,857		62,010	
pruce:						
Sawtimber		9,595			9,595	
Poletimber	9,596	4,186			13,782	
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked				. 		
Total	9,596	13,781			23,377	

(con.)

Table 5. (con.)

Forest type and		Productiv	ity class		Total
stand-size class	85-119	50-84	20-49	0-19	acres
			- Acres		
Aspen:					
Sawtimber	9,596	9,595			19,191
Poletimber		14,066	19,191		33,257
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked					
Nons cocked					
Total	9,596	23,661	19,191		52,448
Cottonwood:					
Sawtimber		9,595			9,595
Poletimber					
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked		9,596			9,596
Total		19,191			19,191
117 4					
All types: Sawtimber	9,596	177,524	518,501		705,621
Poletimber	9,596	56,634	92,126		158,356
Sapling and seedling			12,359		12,359
Nonstocked		24,947	16,514		41,461
Total	19,192	259,105	639,500		917,797

Table 6--Area of other publicly owned timberland by forest type, stand-size class, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Forest type and		Total			
stand-size class	85-119	50-84	20-49	0-19	acres
			Acres - ·		
ouglas-fir:					
Sawtimber Poletimber		5,602			5,602
Sapling and seedling					
Nonstocked	40 00				
Total	***	5,602			5,602
onderosa pine:		-			
Sawtimber			26,505		26,505
Poletimber					
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked					
Nonstocked					
Total			26,505		26,505
Spruce-subalpine fir:					
Sawtimber					***
Poletimber					
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked					

Total					
hite fir:					
Sawtimber		8,371			8,371
Poletimber Sapling and seedling					
Nonstocked					
Total		8,371			8,371
pruce: Sawtimber					
Poletimber		4,186			4,186
Sapling and seedling		· ´			
Nonstocked					
Total		4,186			4,186

(con.)

Table 6. (con.)

Forest type and		Productivity class				
stand-size class	85-119	50-84	20-49	0-19	acres	
			Acres -			
Aspen:						
Sawtimber						
Poletimber						
Sapling and seedling						
Nonstocked						
Total						
Cottonwood: Sawtimber						
Poletimber						
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked						
Total						
All types:						
Sawtimber		13,973	26,505		40,478	
Poletimber		4,186			4,186	
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked						
Total		18,159	26,505		44,664	

Table 7--Area of privately owned timberland by forest type, stand-size class, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Forest type and		Total			
stand-size class	85-119	50-84	20-49	0-19	acres
			- Acres		
ouglas-fir: Sawtimber		27,195	52,271		70 466
Poletimber		19,191	52,2/1		79,466 19,191
Sapling and seedling					13,131
Nonstocked			5,262		5,262
Total		46,386	57,533		103,919
onderosa pine:					
Sawtimber		39,779	396,081		435,860
Poletimber			51,383		51,383
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked			12,359 11,252		12,359 11,252
nons cocked			11,252		11,252
Total		39,779	471,075		510,854
pruce-subalpine fir: Sawtimber		34,765	28,787		63,552
Poletimber		19,191	21,552		40,743
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked		9,596			9,596
Total		63,552	50,339		113,891
10 ca 1		03,332	30,333		113,031
hite fir: Sawtimber		33,027	14,857		47,884
Poletimber					
Sapling and seedling	-				
Nonstocked		5,755			5,755
Total		38,782	14,857		53,639
oruce:					
Sawtimber		9,595			9,595
Poletimber	9,596				9,596
Sapling and seedling					
Nonstocked					
Total	9,596	9,595	· ·		19,191

(con.)

Table 7. (con.)

Forest type and		Productiv	ity class		Total
stand-size class	85-119	50-84	20-49	0-19	acres
			- Acres		
Aspen:					
Sawtimber	9,596	9,595			19,191
Poletimber		14,066	19,191		33,257
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked					
Holl's Cocked					
Total	9,596	23,661	19,191		52,448
Cottonwood:					
Sawtimber		9,595			9,595
Poletimber					
Sapling and seedling Nonstocked		0 506			9,596
Horistocked		9,596			9,590
Total		19,191			19,191
				-	
<pre>\ types:</pre>	0 506	160 551	401 005		665 140
Sawtimber	9,596	163,551	491,996		665,143
Poletimber Sapling and seedling	9,596	52,448	92,126 12,359		154,170 12,359
Nonstocked		24,947	16,514		41,461
nons counce		2.,377	20,021		, 10 .
Total	19,192	240,946	612,995		873,133

Table 8--Area of timberland outside National Forests by stand volume and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Ownership class	class	
Stand volume per acrel	Other public	Private	Total
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Acres	1
Less than 1,500 board feet	15,391	235,992	251,383
1,500 to 4,999 board feet	15,299	396,609	411,908
5,000 to 9,999 board feet	13,974	157,882	171,856
10,000 board feet or more	-	82,650	82,650
All classes	44,664	873,133	917,797

International 4-inch rule.

Table 9--Area of timberland outside National Forests by forest type and area condition class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

				Area	Area condition class	r class					
rorest type	10	20	30	40	20	09	70	80	06	Nonstocked	All classes
		1	,	1 1		Acres	.es		8 8 8	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Douglas-fir	;	ŀ	!	:	15,198	34,765	33,211	5,755	15,331	5,262	109,522
Ponderosa pine	;	1	!	1	118,418	142,592	106,175	;	158,922	11,252	537,359
Spruce-subalpine fir	1	5,976	ŧ	9,596	21,553	19,191	1	!	47,978	9,296	113,890
White fir	1	1	:	8,081	4,186	9,940	14,858	i	19,191	5,755	62,011
Spruce	;	1	!	13,781	ě	1	9,595	i	!	1	23,376
Aspen	!	į		-	4,470	38,382	1	1	9,596	1 2	52,448
Cottonwood	1	8	1	:			9,596	8 8		9,595	19,191
All types	1	5,976		31,458	163,825	31,458 163,825 244,870 173,435	173,435	5,755	251,018	41,460	917,797

Table 10--Number of growing-stock trees on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

					Dia	meter c	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	nches at	t breas	t height	E)					
Species	1.0-	3.0-4.9	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-24.9	25.0- 26.9	27.0-	29.0+	All
	1 1	1	1	1	1	1 1	Th	- Thousand trees	trees -			1	1	1	8	8
Douglas-fir Ponderosa nine	8,755	6,052	6,114	3,852	2,507	1,551	1,077	692	326	271	108	54	113	130	113	31,476
Whitebark pine		1		1			67			35	58		1		1	160
Limber pine	1	-	-	;	-	64	1	1	!	;	1	1	8	-	1	64
Subalpine fir	22,838	11,213	3,275	4,185	877	1,535	270	167	8	107	30	!	1	3	1	44,497
White fir	8,373	5,380	2,854	1,926	2,116	1,136	869	229	413	138	44	10	1	44	23	23,384
Engelmann spruce	16,351	9,637	4,506	3,548	1,905	1,871	1,033	173	346	37	94	49	1	18	21	39,589
Total softwoods	76,931	76,931 55,247 27,	27,793	20,787	20,787 12,139	8,887	5,382 2,967		2,248	1,580	918	479	353	192	161	216,064
Aspen Cottonwood	25,098	25,098 16,633 11,877	11,877	3,191	1,674	136	657	314	179	101 75	1 1	1 1	1 1	17	1 1	59,860 92
Total hardwoods	25,098	25,098 16,633 11,877	11,877	3,191	1,674	136	657	314	179	176		6	0	17	1	59,952
All species	102,029 71,880 39,670	71,880	39,670	23,978	13,813	9,023	6,039	3,281	2,427	1,756	918	479	353	509	161	276,016

Table 11--Number of cull and salvable dead trees on timberland outside National Forests by ownership class, and softwoods and hardwoods in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ormanahin alass and		Cull tree	S		
Ownership class and species group	Rough	Rotten	Total	Salvable dead trees	Total
			- Thousand	trees	
Other public:					
Softwoods		26	26	371	397
Hardwoods				644	644
Total		26	26	1,015	1,041
Private:					
Softwoods	706	122	828	6,435	7,263
Hardwoods	355	1,831	2,186	5,163	7,349
Total	1,061	1,953	3,014	11,598	14,612
otal:					
Softwoods	706	148	854	6,806	7,660
Hardwoods	355	1,831	2,186	5,807	7,993
Total	1,061	1,979	3,040	12,613	15,653

Table 12--Net volume of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and stand-size class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

			Stand-size	class		
Ownership class	Forest type	Sawtimber	Poletimber	Sapling/ seedling	Nonstocked	All classes
			Thou	sand cubic fe	et	
Other public:						
	Douglas-fir	11,362				11,362
	Ponderosa pine	8,916				8,916
	Spruce-subalpine fir					
	White fir	16,884				16,884
	Spruce		11,290			11,290
	Aspen					
	Cottonwood		**			
	All types	37,162	11,290			48,452
Private:						
	Douglas-fir	90,334	21,357		757	112,448
	Ponderosa pine	337,527	16,995	251	1,558	356,331
	Spruce-subalpine fir	107,555	96,928		2,021	206,504
	White fir	112,806			1,345	114,151
	Spruce	24,828	7,248			32,076
	Aspen	41,541	20,375			61,916
	Cottonwood	4,316				4,316
	All types	718,907	162,903	251	5,681	887,742
Total:					<u> </u>	
TOTAL:	Douglas-fir	101,696	21,357		757	123,810
	Ponderosa pine	346,443	16,995	251	1,558	365,247
	Spruce-subalpine fir	107,555	96,928	231	2,021	206,504
	White fir	129,690	50,520		1,345	131,035
	Spruce	24,828	18,538		1,040	43,366
	Aspen	41,541	20,375			61,916
	Cottonwood	4,316				4,316
	All types	756,069	174,193	251	5,681	936,194

Table 13--Net volume of sawtimber (International ½-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and stand-size class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

			Stand-size	e class		
Ownership class	Forest type	Sawtimber	Poletimber	Sapling/ seedling	Nonstocked	All classes
		1	Thousand board	feet, Internat	tional ‡-inch	rule
Other public:						
	Douglas-fir	36,675	***			36,675
	Ponderosa pine	36,248				36,248
	Spruce-subalpine fir		~ ~			
	White fir	52,963				52,963
	Spruce		27,139			27,139
	Aspen					
	Cottonwood					
	All types	125,886	27,139	40 40		153,025
Private:						
	Douglas-fir	334,434	22,146		3,657	360,237
	Ponderosa pine	1,579,814	38,567	977	8,793	1,628,151
	Spruce-subalpine fir	421,840	230,100		5,620	657,560
	White fir	480,125	01 073		6,161	486,286
	Spruce	114,305	21,973			136,278 202,504
	Aspen Cottonwood	177,567 20,288	24,937			20,288
	DOOWIIO3303	20,200				20,200
	All types	3,128,373	337,723	977	24,231	3,491,304
Total:						
	Douglas-fir	371,109	22,146		3,657	396,912
	Ponderosa pine	1,616,062	38,567	977	8,793	1,664,399
	Spruce-subalpine fir	421,840	230,100		5,620	657,560
	White fir	533,088			6,161	539,249
	Spruce	114,305	49,112			163,417
	Aspen	177,567	24,937			202,504
	Cottonwood	20,288				20,288
	All types	3,254,259	364,862	977	24,231	3,644,329

Table 14--Net volume of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and stand-size class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

			Stand-size	class		
Ownership class	Forest type	Sawtimber	Poletimber	Sapling/ seedling	Nonstocked	- All classes
			Thousand b	ooard feet, Sc	ribner rule -	
Other public:						
Parties	Douglas-fir	28,013				28,013
	Ponderosa pine	31,218				31,218
	Spruce-subalpine fir					
	White fir	43,978				43,978
	Spruce		21,741			21,741
	Aspen Cottonwood					
	COLLONWOOD					
	All types	103,209	21,741			124,950
Private:						
11114400.	Douglas-fir	263,753	17,381		2,813	283,947
	Ponderosa pine	1,366,754	33,155	765	7,742	1,408,416
	Spruce-subalpine fir	335,239	181,867		4,220	521,326
	White fir	399,847			5,240	405,087
	Spruce	94,583	18,629			113,212
	Aspen	147,464	20,446			167,910
	Cottonwood	18,057				18,057
	All types	2,625,697	271,478	765	20,015	2,917,955
Total:						
TOTAL:	Douglas-fir	291,766	17,381		2,813	311,960
	Ponderosa pine	1,397,972	33,155	765	7,742	1,439,634
	Spruce-subalpine fir	335,239	181,867		4,220	521,326
	White fir	443,825			5,240	449,065
	Spruce	94,583	40,370			134,953
	Aspen	147,464	20,446			167,910
	Cottonwood	18,057				18,057
	All types	2,728,906	293,219	765	20,015	3,042,905

Table 15--Net volume of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Ownershi	p class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	Tho	usand cubic feet	
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine Whitebark pine Limber pine Subalpine fir White fir Engelmann spruce	15,685 9,004 12,044 7,009	130,512 351,996 4,845 820 80,380 84,473 130,731	146,197 361,000 4,845 820 80,380 96,517 137,740
Total softwoods	43,742	783,757	827,499
Aspen Cottonwood	4,710	99,669 4,316	104,379 4,316
Total hardwoods	4,710	103,985	108,695
All species	48,452	887,742	936,194

Table 16--Net volume of sawtimber (International ½-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Ownersh	nip class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	- Thousand board	feet, International	⅓-inch rule -
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine Whitebark pine Limber pine Subalpine fir White fir Engelmann spruce	51,704 35,630 46,412 19,279	534,611 1,628,670 25,101 3,322 236,966 299,570 509,021	586,315 1,664,300 25,101 3,322 236,966 345,982 528,300
Total softwoods	153,025	3,237,261	3,390,286
Aspen Cottonwood Total hardwoods		233,755 20,288 254,043	233,755 20,288 254,043
All species	153,025	3,491,304	3,644,329

Table 17--Net volume of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Owners	hip class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	Thousand	board feet, Scrib	ner rule
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine Whitebark pine Limber pine Subalpine fir White fir Engelmann spruce	39,804 30,788 39,159 15,199	417,504 1,417,075 22,055 2,653 186,394 256,012 407,943	457,308 1,447,863 22,055 2,653 186,394 295,171 423,142
Total softwoods	124,950	2,709,636	2,834,586
Aspen Cottonwood		190,262 18,057	190,262 18,057
Total hardwoods		208,319	208,319
All species	124,950	2,917,955	3,042,905

Table 18--Net volume of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	All	8 8	146,197 361,000 4,845	820	80,380	96,517	137,739	827,498	104,379	108,696	936,194
	29.0+	1 1 1 1	369 15,812	E 6	!	4,256	3,322	23,759	: :		23,759
	27.0- 28.9	1	13,183	1	i	3,860	2,001	19,044	1,398	1,398	20,442
	25.0-	3 3 5 2	9,528	1	i i	;	1	29,774 19,044	1 1	;	29,774
	23.0-	1 1	3,167	1	i	862	4,325	33,129	1 ;	:	33,129
eight)	21.0-	1	6,618 31,398 2,682	1	1,156	2,214	5,619	49,687	8 B 8 1	:	49,687
breast h	19.0-	bic feet	12,228 41,966 1,009	1 1	4,925	6,499	1,803	68,430	5,628 2,919	8,547	76,977
Diameter class (inches at breast height)	17.0- 18.9	Thousand cubic feet	11,685	1	;	15,639	14,888	77,831	7,256	7,256	85,087
er class (15.0-	T	20,598	l I	6,040	5,426	5,844	77,804	11,286	11,286	89,090
Diamete	13.0- 14.9	1 t	19,667 36,592 1,154		5,690	13,449	24,794	101,346	15,250	15,250	116,596
	11.0-	1 1	18,161 29,226	820	23,189	16,440	27,494	92,150 115,330 101,346	2,748	2,748	70,335 113,536 109,704 118,078 116,596
	9.0-	1	19,968 30,476	ì	8.483	14,978	18,245	92,150	17,554	17,554	109,704
	7.0-	1	15,829 26,274	i	23,353	8,057	19,883	93,396	20,140	20,140	113,536
	5.0-	1	8,379	ı	7.544	4,837	9,521	45,818	24,517	24,517	70,335
	Species		Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine Whitehark nine	limber nine	Subalning fir	White fir	Engelmann spruce	Total softwoods	Aspen Cottonwood	Total hardwoods	All species

Table 19--Net volume of sawtimber (International 4-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

				Dia	meter cla	ss (inche	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	st height				
Species	9.0-	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-	25.0- 26.9	27.0-	29.0+	All
	1	1 1	1	Thou	sand boar	d feet, I	Thousand board feet, International 1-inch rule	nal 4-inc	h rule -	1	1 1	1 1 1 1
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine	66,142 99,503	75,484 127,033	93,934	106,778 209,831	63,220 196,263	67,859 237,160	37,488 180,399	18,139 143,726	55,121 118,392	77,594	2,151 94,431	586,316 1,664,300
Limber pine	: :	3,322	766,6	1 1		c77°C	14,364	; ;	; ;			3,322
Subalpine fir	32,354	113,190	29,057	31,133	1	25,272	2,960	1	I I	:	1	236,966
White fir Engelmann spruce	46,261 69,862	72,919 134,169	61,519 127,629	24,735 30,343	68,552 77,084	27,386 9,312	9,036 29,020	3,394	; ;	15,139 10,600	17,041	345,982 528,299
Total softwoods	314,122	526,117	526,117 497,659	402,820	405,119 372,214		276,227 187,762 173,513 103,333	187,762	173,513	103,333	131,400	3,390,286
Aspen Cottonwood	XXXXX	14,901		84,733 63,391	40,340	30,390 13,890	1 1	1 1	1 1	6,398	: :	233,755
Total hardwoods	XXXXX	XXXXX 14,901	84,733	63,391	40,340	44,280	:	!	- 1	6,398	:	254,043
All species	314,122	541,018	582,392	466,211	445,459	416,494	276,227	187,762	173,513	109,731	131,400	122 541,018 582,392 466,211 445,459 416,494 276,227 187,762 173,513 109,731 131,400 3,644,329

Table 20--Net volume of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

				Dia	meter cla	ss (inche	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	st height				
Species	9.0-	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0-	21.0- 22.9	23.0- 24.9	25.0- 26.9	27.0- 28.9	29.0+	All
	1	1	1 1 1 1 1	1	- Thousan	d board f	- Thousand board feet, Scribner rule	bner rule	1	i i i	1 1	1 1 1
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine	44,454	54,942 103,099	71,968	84,685	51,165	55,627 211,073	31,075	15,141	46,419	850,69	1,832	457,308
Whitebark pine	1	1 6	4,672	1	;	4,634	12,749			1	8	22,055
Limber pine Subalpine fir	25,126	2,653		25.412	1 1	21.172	5.033	1 1	; ;	1 1		2,653 186 394
White fir	38,830	28	51,639	21,287	60,739	24,373	8,042	3,021	1	13,474	15,167	295,171
Engelmann spruce	54,804	102,346	101,631	24,661	63,860	7,785	24,462	19,136		6,097	15,361	423,143
Total softwoods	240,560 408	408,229	405,484	338,732	349,967	324,664	324,664 241,916 165,214 151,788	165,214	151,788	91,629	116,404	2,834,587
Aspen Cottonwood	XXXXX	11,5/1	67,252	52,131	33,580	25,728	5 1	1 1	! !	5,694	1 1	190,262 18,056
Total hardwoods	XXXXX	11,571		67,252 52,131	33,580	38,090	1		1	5,694	3	208,318
All species	240,560 419		472,736	390,863	383,547	362,754	241,916	165,214	,800 472,736 390,863 383,547 362,754 241,916 165,214 151,788		97,323 116,404	3,042,905

Table 21--Net volume of timber on timberland outside National Forests by class

Class of timber	Softwoods	Hardwoods	All classes
	1 1 Th	- Thousand cubic feet	set + -
Sawtimber trees: Sawlog portion Upper-stem portion	656,350 31,935	44,387	700,737
Total	688,285	46,485	734,770
Poletimber trees	139,214	62,210	201,424
All growing-stock trees	827,499	108,695	936,194
Sound cull trees Rotten cull trees Salvable dead trees	3,810 3,997 49,616	845 5,662 19,309	4,655 9,659 68,925
All timber	884,922	134,511	1,019,433

Table 22--Net volume of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by forest type and species in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

•					species	ıes						
Forest type	Douglas- fir	Douglas- Ponderosa fir pine	Whitebark pine	Limber S pine	Subalpine fir	White	Engelmann spruce	Total softwoods	Aspen	Cotton- wood	Total hardwoods	- All species
•	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1	1 1	housand	Thousand cubic feet	1 t t	1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1	1 1
Douglas-fir	76,818	18,448	:	820	1,602	608.9	5,738	110.235	13.575	;	13.575	123 810
derosa pine	18,065		;	1	!	171	1	350,909	14,338	;	14,338	365 247
uce-subalpine fir	7,194	1	4,845	1	70,295	!	95,958	178,292	28,212	ı	28 212	206 504
e fir	39,720	9,879		1	i	70,698	3,166	123,463	7,571	i	7,571	131 034
Spruce	2,266	1	1	1	1,057	2,047	32,878	38,248	5,118	1	5,118	43.366
<u>.</u>	2,133	1	1	1	7,426	16,791	1	26,351	35,565	;	35,565	61,916
Cottonwood	1		1	1	-	1	1		-	4,317	4,317	4,317
All types	146,196	361,000	4,845	820	80,380	96,516	137,741	827,498	104,379	4,317	108,696	936,194
											000000	000

Table 23--Net volume of sawtimber (International 4-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by forest type and species in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

					Species	ies						
Forest type	Douglas- fir	Douglas- Ponderosa fir pine	Whitebark Limber Subalpine White pine fir fir	Limber pine	Subalpine fir	White	Engelmann Total spruce softwood	Total softwoods	Aspen	Cotton- wood	Total hardwoods	All species
ı	1 1 1	1 1	1	housand	board feet	, Intern	Thousand board feet, International 4-inch rule	inch rule -	1 1 2	1	1 1 1	1 1 1
Douglas-fir	279,068	62,686	;	3,322	3,322 4,076	27,009	20,751	396,912	1	;	;	396.912
Ponderosa pine	63,607	1,553,413	1	ţ	1	507		1,617,527	46,871	1	46.871	1.664.398
Spruce-subalpine fir	26,975	!	25,101	!	195,023	!	346,804	593,903	63,656	I	63,656	657,559
White fir	194,177	48,201	-	i	1	270,583	16,380	529,341	9,910	1	9,910	539,251
Spruce	10,790	!	1	1		8,263	144,364	163,417	-	1	:	163,417
Aspen	11,699	!	1	l I	37,867	39,620	1	89,186	113,318	1	113,318	202,504
Cottonwood	-	*	1	1	1	1	1			20,288	20,288	20,288
All types	586,316	586,316 1,664,300	25,101	3,322	236,966 345,982	345,982	528,299	528,299 3,390,286	233,755	20,288		254,043 3,644,329

Table 24--Net volume of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by forest type and species in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	All species	1 1	211 060	311,900	1,439,634	521,326	449,065	134,953	167,910	18,057	208,319 3,042,905
	Total hardwoods	1		B E	37,717	51,347	7,790	!	93,408	18,057	208,319
	Cotton- wood	1 1		1	;	!	1	i	!	18,057	18,057
	Aspen	1 1		B T	37,717	51,347	7,790	1	93,408	1	190,262
	Total softwoods	ner rule -	070 110	311,900	1,401,917	469,979	441,275	134,953	74,502	1	2,653 186,394 295,170 423,143 2,834,586 190,262
	hitebark Limber Subalpine White Engelmann pine fir fir spruce	- Thousand board feet, Scribner rule	306 31	10,303	!	274,826	13,233	118,779	1	:	423,143
ies	White	d board 1	100	071,67	423	}	230,149	7,354	34,116	1	295,170
Species	Subalpine fir	- Thousan	,	3,011	;	152,536	1	;	30,847	-	186,394
	Limber pine	1	017	600,2	}	1	1	;	1	1	2,653
	3	1		1	1	22,055	;	l J	;		22,055
	Douglas- Ponderosa fir pine	1 1	4	24,550	1,351,237	!	42,070	!	ı		457,308 1,447,863
	Douglas- fir	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	010	717,30/	50,257	20,562	155,823	8,820	9,539	1	457,308
	Forest type	6		Douglas-T1r	Ponderosa pine	Spruce-subalpine fir	White fir	Spruce	Aspen	Cottonwood	All types

Table 25--Net annual growth of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Ownersh	nip class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	Th	nousand cubic feet	
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine Whitebark pine Limber pine	748 180 	3,125 8,089 52	3,873 8,269 52
Subalpine fir White fir Engelmann spruce	168 170	1,330 2,321 3,015	1,330 2,489 3,185
Total softwoods	1,266	17,941	19,207
Aspen Cottonwood	90	4, 037	4,127 153
Total hardwoods	90	4,190	4,280
All species	1,356	22,131	23,487

Table 26--Net annual growth of sawtimber (International ½-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Ownership	class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	- Thousand board fee	t, International	≟-inch rule -
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine Whitebark pine Limber pine Subalpine fir White fir Engelmann spruce	1,079 1,266 2,221 507	10,935 40,609 304 54 3,651 25,920 10,597	12,014 41,875 304 54 3,651 28,141 11,104
Total softwoods	5,073	92,070	97,143
Aspen Cottonwood		3,231 665	3,231 665
Total hardwoods		3,896	3,896
All species	5,073	95,966	101,039

Table 27--Net annual growth of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	0wners	Ownership class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	Thousand	Thousand board feet, Scribner rule	ibner rule
Douglas-fir	924	8,484	9,408
Ponderosa pine Whitebark pine	66 Y	33,846	34,801 273
Limber pine	!	46	46
Subalpine fir		3,238	3,238
White fir	1,863	21,909	23,772
Engelmann spruce	422	6,087	6,509
Total softwoods	4,164	76,883	81,047
Aspen	;	2,832	2,832
Cottonwood		595	595
Total hardwoods		3,427	3,427
All species	4,164	80,310	84,474

Table 28--Net annual growth of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

					Diameter	class (in	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	east hei	ght)					
Species	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0-	23.0- 24.9	25.0-	27.0- 28.9	29.0+	All
	1 1	l l l	1 1 1 1	1	1	Th	- Thousand cubic feet	ic feet	1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1	! ! !	1	1
Douglas-fir	1,460	640	599	474	349	360	-89(1)	177	91	48	-237	;	-	3,873
Ponderosa pine	2,054	1,002	1,008	732	685	637	613		351	596	171	101	93	8,269
Whitebark pine	1	!	;	1	18	!	!	6	25	!	;	1	å	52
Limber pine	1	1	!	6	;	1	;	8 8	1	1	i	!	;	6
Subalpine fir	569	409	148	223	135	64	1 1	77	2	;	1	1	i	1,330
White fir	425	257	387	427	424	98	304	72	11	4	1	36	44	2,489
Engelmann spruce	529	586	318	832	441	62	242	34	74	36	1	13	19	3,186
Total softwoods	4,737	2,894	2,460	2,697	2,052	1,221	1,070	895	557	384	99-	150	157	19,208
		į		(1	•	4	•						•
Aspen	2,613	5/1	3/4	67	097	134	105	119	; ;	; ;		34		4,126
	0 613	E 7.1	ATC	000	050	134	105	160				2.4		07.0 1/2
local hardwoods	2,013	2/1	1/6	6.7	007	104	COL	105				÷		4,213
All species	7,350	3,465	2,834	2,726	2,312	1,355	1,175	1,054	557	384	99-	184	157	23,487

¹Net annual growth will be negative when annual mortality exceeds gross annual growth.

Table 29--Net annual growth of sawtimber (International 4-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

				Diam	eter clas	s (inches	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	t height)				
Species	9.0- 10.9	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0- 20.9	21.0-22.9	23.0- 24.9	25.0- 26.9	27.0- 28.9	29.0+	All
	1 1 1	1	1	- Thousa	nd board	feet, Int	- Thousand board feet, International 4-inch rule	l ⅓-inch	rule	1 1 1	1	1 1
Douglas-fir	4,883	2,754	2,080	2,160	-411(1	-411(1) 1,070	549	291	-1,366	1	5	12,015
Ponderosa pine	16,244		4,191	3,931	3,775	3,224	2,122	1,786	1,036	618	573	41,874
Whitebark pine	1	1	104	1	t t	20	149	î	!	1	1	303
Limber pine	ı	54	1	!	1	1	1	£ F	1	1	1	54
Subalpine fir	614	1,551	732	331	1	396	27	-	!	;	i	3,651
White fir	21,794	2,147	1,995	423	1,151	254	38	16	1	144	179	28,141
Engelmann spruce	1,437	-	2,388	322	1,234	174	386	195	1	73	105	11,105
Total softwoods	44,972	15,671	11,490	7,167	5,749	5,168	3,271	2,288	-330	835	862	97,143
Aspen	XXXXX	186	1,590	728	534	193	:	ł		;	;	3,231
Cottonwood	XXXXX	1		1	1	206	8 8	0		159		999
Total hardwoods	XXXXX	186	1,590	728	534	669	1	1	:	159	!	3,896
			:									
All species	44,972 15	15,857	13,080	7,895	6,283	5,867	3,271	2,288	-330	994	862	101,039

 $^{1}\mathrm{Net}$ annual growth will be negative when annual mortality exceeds gross annual growth.

Table 30.-Net annual growth of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

				Dia	meter cla	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	s at brea	st height	(;			
Species	9.0-	11.0-	13.0-	15.0-	17.0- 18.9	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-24.9	25.0- 26.9	27.0- 28.9	29.0+	All
	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 2	Thousand	Thousand board feet, Scribner rule	et, Scrib	ner rule	1 1 1 1	8 5 8	t t t	8 8 8 8
Douglas-fir	3,482	2,196	1,718	1,818	-304(1)) 915	471	250	-1,143	1	4	9,407
Ponderosa pine	11,664	3,875	3,826	3,646	3,460	2,869	1,889	1,590	922	550	510	34,801
Whitebark pine	1	!	93	!	8 8	47	133	1	1	;	ł	273
Limber pine	1	46	!	1	1	1	:	1	1	1	1	46
Subalpine fir	572	1,391	622	287	i i	344	23	ł	1	;	!	3,239
White fir	18,001	1,903	1,823	396	1,087	226	34	15	!	128	159	23,772
Engelmann spruce	1,344	3,973	2,034	278	1,068	151	336	169	-	64	91	9,508
Total softwoods	35,063	13,384	10,116	6,425	5,311	4,552	2,886	2,024	-221	742	764	81,046
Aspen	XXXX	160	1,381	645	475	171	ł	1	;	ŀ	;	2,832
Cottonwood	XXXXX	1	1	1	1	454	1	1 1	1	142	1	296
Total hardwoods	XXXXX	160	1,381	645	475	625	1 2	i. II	1	142	9 5	3,428
All species	35,063	13,544	11,497	7,070	5,786	5,177	2,886	2,024	-221	884	764	84,474

 $^{1}\mathrm{Net}$ annual growth will be negative when annual mortality exceeds gross annual growth.

Table 31--Annual mortality of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	0wnershi	ip class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
		housand cubic fee	t
Douglas-fir		513	513
Ponderosa pine		70	70
Whitebark pine Limber pine			
Subalpine fir		694	694
White fir			
Engelmann spruce			
Total softwoods		1,277	1,277
Aspen			
Cottonwood	**		
Total hardwoods			
All species		1,277	1,277

Table 32--Annual mortality of sawtimber (International ½-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Species	0wners	ship class	
Speciles	Other public	Private	Total
	- Thousand board	feet, International	≟-inch rule -
Douglas-fir Ponderosa pine		2,895 269	2,895 269
Whitebark pine Limber pine			
Subalpine fir		1,203	1,203
White fir Engelman spruce			
Total softwoods		4,367	4,367
Aspen Cottonwood		 	
Total hardwoods			
All species		4,367	4,367

Table 33--Annual mortality of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Canadan	Owners	ship class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	Thousand	board feet, Scribne	r rule
Douglas-fir		2,403	2,403
Ponderosa pine		204	204
Whitebark pine			
Limber pine			
Subalpine fir		898	898
White fir			
Engelman spruce			
Total softwoods		3,505	3,505
Aspen			
Cottonwood			
Total hardwoods			
All species		3,505	3,505

Table 34--Annual mortality of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

				Di	ameter	class (Diameter class (inches at breast height)	t breas	t heigh	t)				
Species	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	11.0-	11.0- 13.0- 15.0- 12.9 14.9 16.9	15.0-	17.0- 18.9	17.0- 19.0- 21.0- 23.0- 18.9 20.9 22.9 24.9	21.0-	23.0-	25.0-	25.0- 27.0- 29.0+ 26.9 28.9	29.0+	A11 classes
	1	1		1	1	Tho	Thousand cubic feet	ubic fe	et	1	1 1	!	1	8 8 8 4
Douglas-fir	1	1	1	1	!	;	220	-	1	1	293	!	;	513
Ponderosa pine	!	;	70	1	;	ł	I I	8	1	1	1	1	1	70
Whitebark pine	1	;	i i	1	1	!	1	1	!	!	1	1	1	!
Limber pine	!	1	1	1	l l	!	!	1	1	1	1	1	1	;
Subalpine fir	i	437	1	257	ŧ	i	1	!	;	1	;	;	1	694
White fir	;	;	1	1	1	i	1	ŀ	i i	1	;	!	;	;
Engelmann spruce	!	:	1	1	1	:	-	1	1	1	1	ļ	!	1
Total softwoods	1	437	70	257	1	1	220	1	!	1	293	I I	1	1,277
Aspen	1	i	1	}	1	1	1	;	ł	!	i	;	1	!
Cottonwood	1	:	1	ı	8	3 4	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1
Total hardwoods	1	1	•	1	1	1	1	1	}	1	1	1	1	1
All species	1	437	70	257	!		220	1		1	293	1	1	1,277

Table 35--Annual mortality of sawtimber (International 4-inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and

			Di	ameter	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	ches at	breast	height)				
Species	9.0-	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9		19.0- 21.0- 20.9 22.9	23.0-	25.0-	27.0-	29.0+	All
	1 1 1	1 1	1	Thousan	Thousand board feet, International 4-inch rule	eet, Int	ternatio	nal 4-i	inch rule	1 1	1 1	1 1 1
Douglas-fir	1	!	;	1	1,201	!	;	ł	1,694	!	;	2,895
onderosa pine	569	1	l I	8	3	;	i	8	ì	E E	E E	269
hitebark pine	1	-	1	1	1	;	2	1	;	1	1	1
imber pine	1	-	ı	1	l I	1	i i	1	1	ı	1	i i
Subalpine fir	!	1,203	1	;	!	!	;	!	ŀ	l I	;	1,203
nite fir	1	1	1	1	!	1	;	1	I I	!	!	;
ngelmann spruce	1	8	;	1	1	1	1	;	;	:	1.	1
Total softwoods	569	1,203	8		1,201		1		1,694	1	;	4,367
\$	>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>											i
Cottonwood	XXXXX			8 8		: :	: :	: :	1	: :	1	8
Total hardwoods	XXXXX	1	1	1	8 8	1	:	1	1	1		
All species	569	1,203			1,201	!	-	1	1,694	1	1	4,367

			Di	Diameter class (inches at breast height)	lass (in	ches at	breast	height	_			
Species	9.0-	11.0-	13.0- 14.9	15.0- 16.9	17.0- 18.9	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-	25.0-	27.0-	29.0+	— All classes
	1 1 1	1	1	Th	Thousand board feet, Scribner rule	oard fe	et, Scr	ibner r	ule	!	1	1
ouglas-fir	1	1	1	;	977	!	;	;	1,426	;	;	2,403
Ponderosa pine	204	1	;	;	;	;	i	1	-	!	!	204
hitebark pine	:	!	1	1	1	1	;	1	1	1	ŀ	1
imber pine	9	1	:	1	!	į	!	1	1	1	ì	1
Subalpine fir	1	868	8	į	i	;	1	8	1	1	i	868
hite fir	!	!	ľ	!	1	!	1	1	!	1	1	;
Engelmann spruce	1	1	:	:	1	:	1	:	1	1	:	:
Total softwoods	204	868	1	:	977	1		!	1,426	:	i	3,505
Aspen	XXXXX	!	!	1	1	!	!	!	!	!	;	!
Cottonwood	XXXXX		1	-	1	:	1	:	-	:	2 0	
Total hardwoods	XXXXX	:	1	8	1	å	2 2	1	1	1	1	1
2012ons LIA	700	808			077		}		1 426			3 505
All species	±07	020			211	;			1,4cu	,	-	DC C

Table 37--Annual mortality of growing stock on timberland outside National Forests by species and cause of death in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Speciae				Caus	Cause of death				
control of the contro	Insects	Insects Disease	Fire	Animal	Weather	Animal Weather Suppression Logging Unknown ¹ Total	Logging	Unknown ¹	Total
	3 3 3	1 1	1	Thou	Thousand cubic feet -	c feet	1	1 1 2	
Douglas-fir	:	!	1	į	;	;	;	513	513
Ponderosa pine	!	į	;	;	1	;	;	70	70
Whitebark pine	!	1	i i	!	!	:	;	1	i
Limber pine	i i	;	1	1	;	;	!	;	t t
Subalpine fir	!	308	1	i	;	;	;	386	694
White fir	l l	!	;	;	;	1	:	!	1
Engelmann spruce	I I	8	1	:	-	1	1	1	;
Total softwoods	1	308	1	1		*	1	696	1,277
Aspen	!	;	;	:	1	;	;	;	;
Cottonwood	1	5 8	1	!	1	-	1 1	1	:
Total hardwoods	1	1	1	1	1	1	8	;	1
All species		308	8	1		1	1	696	1,277

¹Because many destructive agents often attack trees in concert or in succession, it is often difficult to identify the actual causal agent. When the primary cause of death cannot be precisely determined, it is listed as unknown.

Table 38--Annual mortality of sawtimber (International $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and cause of death in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Species				Caus	e of death	1			
Species	Insects	Disease	Fire	Anima1	Weather	Suppression	Logging	Unknown	Toťal
	tipl with this code days		Thousand	l board fe	et, Intern	national ¼-inc	h rule -		
Douglas-fir								2,895	2,895
Ponderosa pine								269	269
Whitebark pine									
Limber pine									
Subalpine fir								1,203	1,203
White fir									
Engelmann spruce									
Total softwoods								4,367	4,367
Aspen									
Cottonwood									
Total hardwoods									
All species								4,367	4,367

Table 39--Annual mortality of sawtimber (Scribner rule) on timberland outside National Forests by species and cause of death in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Species				Caus	e of death	1			
Species	Insects	Disease	Fire	Animal	Weather	Suppression	Logging	Unknown	Total
				Thousand	board feet	, Scribner ru	le		
Douglas-fir								2,403	2,403
Ponderosa pine								204	204
Whitebark pine									
Limber pine									
Subalpine fir								898	898
White fir									
Engelmann spruce									
Total softwoods								3,505	3,505
Aspen									
Cottonwood									
Total hardwoods									
All species		on do						3,505	3,505

Woodland Tables

Table 40--Area of woodland outside National Forests by forest type and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Favort turn	Ownersh	ip class	
Forest type	Other public	Private	Total
		Acres	
Pinyon-juniper Juniper	912,168 77,363	1,899,778 147,180	2,811,946 224,543
Total woodland softwoods	989,531	2,046,958	3,036,489
0ak	10,957	105,251	116,208
Total woodland hardwoods	10,957	105,251	116,208
All types	1,000,488	2,152,209	3,152,697

Table 41--Area of woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership	Farrant Aven	Productiv	ity class	
class	Forest type	High	Low	All classes
			- Acres	
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	641,448 70,592 10,957	270,720 6,771	912,168 77,363 10,957
	Total	722,997	277,491	1,000,488
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	1,494,602 87,111 105,250	405,176 60,070	1,899,778 147,181 105,250
	Total	1,686,963	465,246	2,152,209
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	2,136,050 157,703 116,207	675,896 66,841	2,811,946 224,544 116,207
	Total	2,409,960	742,737	3,152,697

Table 42--Area of woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and volume class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

			Volume class		
Ownership	Former + vone				
class		0 - 500 cu ft/acre	500-1,000 cu ft/acre	1,000+ cu ft/acre	All
		1 1 1	Acres	res	1 1 1 2 8
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	610,469 50,280 10,956	235,157 20,312	66,543	912,169 77,363 10,956
	Total	671,705	255,469	73,314	1,000,488
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	1,073,532 135,097 47,851	610,021 12,083 27,932	216,226	1,899,779 147,180 105,250
	Total	1,256,480	650,036	245,693	2,152,209
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	1,684,001 185,377 58,807	845,178 32,395 27,932	282,769 6,771 29,467	2,811,948 224,543 116,206
	Total	1,928,185	905,505	319,007	3,152,697

Table 43--Number of trees on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, species, and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership class					Two	-inch di	ameter a	Two-inch diameter at root collar class	ollar cl	ass						
and species	1.0-2.9	3.0-	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	11.0-	13.0-	15.0-	17.0-	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-	25.0- 26.9	27.0-	29.0+	All
	1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1 1	1	Thou	- Thousand trees	sa	1	1	1	1		1	1 1
Other public: Pinyon Juniper Oak	33,100 11,199 822	22,947 7,600 8,545	16,785 10,124 675	11,128 8,649 203	6,165 8,036 100	3,036 8,565 33	1,591	882 6,070	264 3,836	221 3,388	1,617	1,224	544	32 229	154	96,219 78,467 10,378
Total	45,121	39,092	27,584	19,980	14,301	11,634	8,823	6,952	4,100	3,609	1,617	1,292	544	261	154	185,064
Private: Pinyon Juniper Oak	78,692 32,706 50,735	55,924 16,012 43,092	48,195 18,741 14,729	31,025 16,488 2,962	17,406 15,652 354	10,755	5,389	3,155 9,397 30	1,906 6,683	896	121 2,824	2,538 1.	1,253	112	1888	253,634 152,257 111,902
Total	162,133 115,028	115,028	81,665	50,475	33,412	22,881	17,060	12,582	8,589	5,021	2,945	2,596	1,253	1,165	988	517,793
Total: Pinyon Juniper Oak	111,792 43,905 51,557	78,871 23,612 51,637	64,980 28,865 15,404	42,153 25,137 3,165	23,571 23,688 454	13,791 20,691 33	6,980 18,903	4,037 15,467 30	2,170 10,519	1,117 7,513	121	3,762	1,797	144	1,142	349,853 230,724 122,280
Total	207,254	207,254 154,120 109,249	109,249	70,455	47,713	34,515	25,883	19,534	12,689	8,630	4,562 3,888 1,797 1,426	3,888	1,797	1,426	1,142	702,857

Table 44--Net volume on woodland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

	Ownership class	p class	
20:000)	
משלה	Other public	Private	Total
	Thous	- Thousand cubic feet	1 1 1 1 1
Douglas-fir	1	2,764	2 , 764
Ponderosa pine	6,530	35,243	41,773
White fir	8. 0	449	449
Cottonwood	8 9	1,357	1,357
Pinyon/juniper	406,126	962,841	1,368,967
Woodland hardwoods	3,004	53,425	56,429
All species	415,660	1,056,079	1,471,739

Table 45--Net volume of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, species, and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership class					Two-	inch diam	Two-inch diameter at root collar class	oot colla	r class						
and species	3.0-4.9	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	11.0-	13.0-	15.0-	17.0-	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-	25.0-	27.0-	29.0+	All
	1	1	1			t t	- Thousa	Thousand cubic feet	feet	1 1 1	1		1 1	1 2	1
Other public: Pinyon Juniper Oak	9,381 1,347 1,550	19,165 7,186 637	28,667 12,519 331	28,450 18,868 369	21,588 31,281 117	17,685	14,436 37,024	6,862	4,699	2,808 16,029 15,909	2,808 15,909	9,471	1,302 5,416	3,619	155,043 251,083 3,004
Total	12,278	26,988	41,517	47,687	52,986	50,560	51,460	36,157	36,157 34,943 16,029 18,717	16,029	18,717	9,471	6,718	3,619	409,130
Private: Pinyon Juniper Oak	22,811 3,328 19,387	58,442 12,697 23,350	79,930 23,011 8,986	79,275 37,563 1,523	81,457	65,976	50,231 50,948 179	41,166	28,023	3,372	1,611	20,368	7,930	27,298	520,224 442,616 53,425
Total	45,526	94,489	94,489 111,927 118,361	118,361	122,508	122,508 119,815 101,358	101,358	89,638	64,440	31,634	36,886	20,368	32,017	27,298	89,638 64,440 31,634 36,886 20,368 32,017 27,298 1,016,265
Total: Pinyon Juniper Oak	32,192 4,675 20,937	77,607 19,883 23,987	108,597 35,530 9,317	107,725 56,431 1,892	103,045 72,332 117	83,661 86,714	64,667 87,972 179	48,028	32,722 66,661 	3,372	32,722 3,372 4,419 66,661 44,291 51,184 	29,839	9,232	30,917	675,267 693,699 56,429
Total	57,804	121,477	57,804 121,477 153,444 166,048	166,048	175,494	175,494 170,375 152,818 125,795 99,383 47,663 55,603 29,839 38,735 30,917 1,425,395	152,818	125,795	99,383	47,663	55,603	29,839	38,735	30.917	1,425,395

Table 46--Net volume of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership	Favorat towns	Productiv	ity class	
class	Forest type	High	Low	All classes
		Thous	and cubic fe	et
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	288,333 26,939 1,468	90,681 1,709 	379,014 28,648 1,468
	Total	316,740	92,390	409,130
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	761,665 14,019 62,895	160,288 17,398	921,953 31,417 62,895
	Total	838,579	177,686	1,016,265
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	1,049,998 40,958 64,363	250,969 19,107	1,300,967 60,065 64,363
	Total	1,155,319	270,076	1,425,395

Table 47--Net volume of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and volume class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership	Faurat turns	١	Volume class		
class	Forest type	0 - 500 cu ft/acre	500-1,000 cu ft/acre	1,000+ cu ft/acre	All classes
			Thousand o	cubic feet -	
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	153,957 9,459 1,468	150,966 11,289	74,091 7,900	379,014 28,648 1,468
	Total	164,884	162,255	81,991	409,130
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	277,855 24,087 9,570	384,152 7,330 12,644	259,946 40,681	921,953 31,417 62,895
	Total	311,512	404,126	300,627	1,016,265
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	431,812 33,546 11,038	535,118 18,619 12,644	334,037 7,900 40,681	1,300,967 60,065 64,363
	Total	476,396	566,381	382,618	1,425,395

Table 48--Net dead volume of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, species, and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership class					_	Two-inch diameter at root collar class	iameter	at root	collar c	lass					
and species	3.0-	5.0-	7.0-	9.0-	11.0-	13.0-	15.0- 16.9	17.0-	19.0-	21.0-	23.0-24.9	25.0-	25.0- 27.0- 26.9 28.9	29.0+	All classes
	2	1	1	1	1 1 3	1 1	Thousand cubic feet -	cubic fo	set	1		1	1	1 	1
Other public: Pinyon Juniper Oak	379 48 172	1,979 246 308	4,529 1,619 26	5,019 2,860 102	4,768 6,620 98	3,317	3,319 8,415	290 6,166	1,110 6,216	3,188	562 2,394	562 130 2,394 1,839 1,924 144	130 1,924 144	661	28,590 50,855 850
Total	599	2,533	6,174	7,981	11,486	7,981 11,486 10,999	11,734	6,456	7,326	7,353	2,956	2,956 1,839 2,198	2,198	661	80,295
Private: Pinyon Juniper Oak	913 99 1,472	5,210 803 1,061	10,226 2,144 477	12,832 5,554	11,818 7,673	8,500	7,719	6,512 7 11,190 1	4,955 11,946	1,460 7,708	2,493 9,418	5,095	219	5,842	72,857 98,034 3,019
Total	2,484	7,074	7,074 12,847	18,386	19,491	21,976	20,725	17,702	16,901	9,168	11,911	5,095	4,308	5,842	173,910
Total: Pinyon Juniper Oak	1,292 147 1,644	7,189 1,049 1,369	14,755 3,763 503	17,851 16,586 8,414 14,293 102 98	16,586 14,293 98	11,817 21,158	11,038 21,412 9	6,802	6,065	4,648	3,055	6,934	349 6,013 144	6,503	101,447 148,889 3,869
Total	3,083	6,607	9,607 19,021	26,367	30,977	32,975	32,459	24,158	32,459 24,158 24,227 16,521 14,867 6,934 6,506	16,521	14,867	6,934		6,503	254,205

Table 49--Net dead volume of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership	Farant turn	Productivi	ity class	
class	Forest type	High	Low	All classes
		Thousa	and cubic fee	t
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	56,411 4,941 35	18,509 399 	74,920 5,340 35
	Total	61,387	18,908	80,295
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	126,840 1,031 3,521	40,627 1,891	167,467 2,922 3,521
	Total	131,392	42,518	173,910
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	183,251 5,972 3,556	59,136 2,290 	242,387 8,262 3,556
	Total	192,779	61,426	254,205

Table 50--Net dead volume of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and volume class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership	Fanast type	,	Volume class		
class	Forest type	0 - 500 cu ft/acre	500-1,000 cu ft/acre	1,000+ cu ft/acre	All classes
			- Thousand co	ubic feet	
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	30,549 2,296 35	24,417 1,963	19,954 1,081	74,920 5,340 35
	Total	32,880	26,380	21,035	80,295
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	48,818 1,291 126	72,494 1,632 828	46,154 2,567	167,466 2,923 3,521
	Total	50,235	74,954	48,721	173,910
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	79,367 3,587 161	96,911 3,595 828	66,108 1,081 2,567	242,386 8,263 3,556
	Total	83,115	101,334	69,756	254,205

Table 51--Net annual growth on woodland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Carrier	Ownersh	ip class	
Species	Other public	Private	Total
	Thou	sand cubic fo	eet
Douglas-fir	. 55	43	43
Ponderosa pine	181	508	689
White fir		56	56
Cottonwood		114	114
Pinyon/juniper	5,264	13,196	18,460
Woodland hardwoods	143	2,209	2,352
All species	5,588	16,126	21,714

Table 52--Net annual growth of woodland species on woodland outs ests by ownership class, species, and diameter class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

					T	wo-inch	diallar	class					
Ownership class and species	3.0-	5.0- 6.9	7.0- 8.9	9.0- 10.9	11.0- 12.9	13.0- 14.9	19.0-	21.0-22.9	23.0- 24.9	25.0- 26.9	27.0- 28.9	29.0+	- All classes
							- T:et -						
Other public: Pinyon Juniper Oak	463 107 98	454 274 18	566 278 17	432 296 9	273 405 1	134 325	137 373	143	8 120	70 	6 32 	12	2,568 2,696 143
Total	668	746	861	737	679	459	410	143	128	70	38	12	5,407
Total	2,892	2,723	2,283	1,792	1,606	1,260	<u>⊊</u> 48	194	223	125	155	110	15,405
Total: Pinyon Juniper Oak	1,785 371 1,404	2,056 731 682	2,157 769 218	1,589 896 44	1,344 940 1	846 873	£16 342	13 324 	19 332	195 	35 158	122	10,990 7,470 2,352
Total	3,560	3,469	3,144	2,529	2,285	1,719	1,358	337	351	195	193	122	20,812

Table 53--Net annual growth of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and productivity class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Ownership	Favort tune	Productivi	ty class	
class	Forest type	High	Low	All classes
		Thousa	nd cubic fee	t
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	3,774 391 88	1,129 25 	4,903 416 88
	Total	4,253	1,154	5,407
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	11,171 146 2,258	1,652 178	12,823 324 2,258
	Total	13,575	1,830	15,405
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	14,945 537 2,346	2,781 203 	17,726 740 2,346
	Total	17,828	2,984	20,812

Table 54--Net annual growth of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, forest type, and volume class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Ownership class	Faurach tuma	Volume class				
	Forest type	0 - 500 cu ft/acre	500-1,000 cu ft/acre	1,000+ cu ft/acre	All classes	
			- Thousand cu	bic feet		
Other public:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	2,013 103 89	1,915 224 	974 89	4,902 416 89	
	Total	2,205	2,139	1,063	5,407	
Private:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	4,732 290 751	5,550 34 440	2,541 1,067	12,823 324 2,258	
	Total	5,773	6,024	3,608	15,405	
Total:	Pinyon-juniper Juniper Oak	6,7 4 5 393 840	7,465 258 440	3,515 89 1,067	17,725 740 2,347	
	Total	7,978	8,163	4,671	20,812	

Table 55--Annual mortality on woodland outside National Forests by species and ownership class in northwestern New Mexico, 1986

Cracios	Ownership class		
Species	Other public	Private	— Total
	Thous	and cubic fee	t
Douglas-fir			
Ponderosa pine			
White fir			
Cottonwood			
Pinyon/juniper	201	83	284
Woodland hardwoods	7		7
All species	208	83	291

Table 56--Number of pinyon Christmas trees on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, grade, and height class in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership Christmas-tr class grade	Christmas_tree				
		0' - 5'	6' - 10'	11' - 15'	All classes
			Thousan	d trees	
Other public	: Premium Standard Utility	30 1,823 1,461	362 2,877 4,324	64 354 393	456 5,054 6,178
	Total	3,314	7,563	811	11,688
Private:	Premium Standard Utility	952 2,738 4,869	1,452 4,031 8,957	26 1,050 2,543	2,430 7,819 16,369
	Total	8,559	14,440	3,619	26,618
Total:	Premium Standard Utility	982 4,561 6,330	1,814 6,908 13,281	90 1,404 2,936	2,886 12,873 22,547
	Total	11,873	22,003	4,430	38,306

Table 57--Number of fenceposts on woodland outside National Forests by ownership class, species, and type of post in northwestern New Mexico, 1987

Ownership		Type	of post		
class	Species	Line	Corner	Total	
		Tho	usand fencepos	sts	
Other public:	Pinyon Juniper Oak	10,707 438	6,274 68	16,981 506	
	Total	11,145	6,342	17,487	
Private:	Pinyon Juniper Oak	20,220 10,311	11,570 2,460	31,790 12,771	
	Total	30,531	14,030	44,561	
Total:	Pinyon Juniper Oak	30,927 10,749	 17,844 2,528	48,771 13,277	
	Total	41,676	20,372	62,048	

County Tables

Table 58--Area of timberland outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico by county, 1987

County	Area
	Acres
Bernalillo Cibola Los Alamos McKinley Rio Arriba Sandoval San Juan Santa Fe Taos Valencia	15,430 98,250 1,923 103,367 310,534 96,557 125,807 36,024 118,563 11,342
Total	917,797

Table 59--Net volume of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico by county, 1987

County	Growing stock	Saw	vtimber
	Thousand cubic feet	Thousand board feet International 1-inch rule	Thousand board feet Scribner rule
Bernalillo	19,005	67,468	55,726
Cibola	89,290	331,855	275,040
Los Alamos	2,993	9,331	7,648
McKinley	64,343	278,311	238,172
Rio Arriba	333,974	1,301,745	1,088,102
Sandova1	116,166	415,721	344.878
San Juan	122,911	570,956	489.916
Santa Fe	30,476	110,144	89,206
Taos	144,555	514,783	418,029
Valencia	12,481	44,015	36,188
Total	936,194	3,644,329	3,042,905

Table 60--Net annual growth of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico by county, 1986

County	Growing stock	Sawtimber	
	Thousand cubic feet	Thousand board feet International å-inch rule	Thousand board feet Scribner rule -
Bernalillo	480	2,238	1,870
Cibola	2,403	10,308	8,602
os Alamos	75	368	303
McKinley	1,533	5,159	4,452
Rio Arriba	8,132	35,802	29,999
Sandoval	2,895	15,059	12,483
San Juan	2.727	11,862	10,061
Santa Fe	813	3,896	3,157
Taos	4,101	15,099	12,506
Valencia	328	1,248	1,041
Total	23,487	101,039	84,474

Table 61--Annual mortality of growing stock and sawtimber on timberland outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico by county, 1986

County	Growing stock	Sawtimber	
	Thousand cubic feet	Thousand board feet International ¼-inch rule	Thousand board feet Scribner rule
Bernalillo	25	86	69
Cibola	214	758	598
Los Alamos	3	9	8
McKinley	46	156	126
Rio Arriba	508	1,726	1,390
Sandoval	175	594	478
San Juan	10	35	28
Santa Fe	41	138	111
Taos	243	824	664
/alencia	12	41	33
Total	1,277	4,367	3,505

Table 62--Area, net volume, net annual growth, and net annual mortality of woodland species on woodland outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico by county

County	Area (1987)	Net volume (1987)	Net annual growth (1986)	Annual mortality (1986)
	Acres		Thousand cubic fee	t
Bernalillo	79,619	35,110	771	(1)
Cibola	613,111	286,165	4,469	188
Los Alamos	1,811	832	15	(1)
McKinley	722,195	353,221	4,839	39
Rio Arriba	584,817	294,448	4,255	45
Sandova1	307,633	120,050	1,535	6
San Juan	476,283	208,911	2,813	1
Santa Fe	205,798	52,857	869	1
Taos	125,996	61,465	1,052	1
Valencia	35,434	12,336	194	10
Total	3,152,697	1,425,395	20,812	291

¹Less than .5 thousand cubic feet.

Van Hooser, Dwane D. 1987. Timberland and woodland resources outside National Forests in northwestern New Mexico, 1987. Resour. Bull. INT-46. Ogden, UT: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Intermountain Research Station. 62 p.

Presents land area, timberland and woodland area, associated volume, and components of change for the forest lands outside the National Forests in northwestern New Mexico.

KEYWORDS: forest survey, inventory volume, pinyon-juniper



INTERMOUNTAIN RESEARCH STATION

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